

Integration of GET electronics on TPC for HIC program at RIBF

Tadaaki Isobe

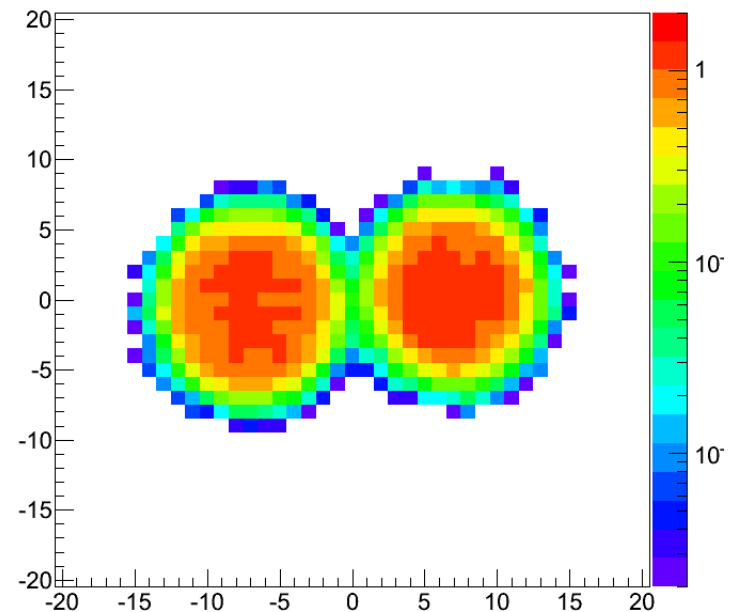
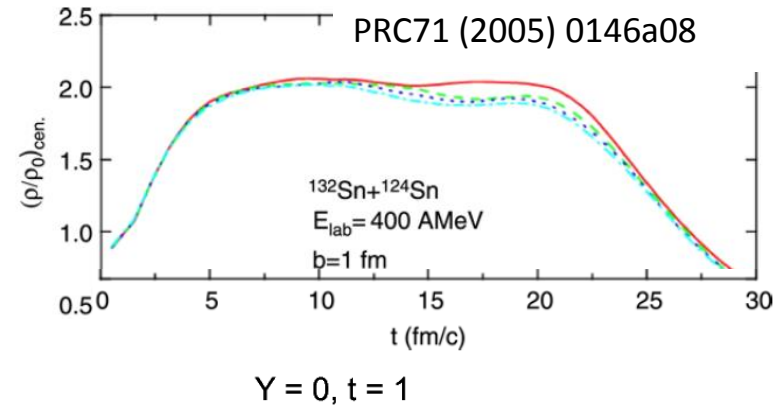
RIKEN Nishina Center

ATTPC 2015 Workshop

RIBF-SPIRIT exp: study of symmetry energy for high dense region ($\rho \sim 2\rho_0$)

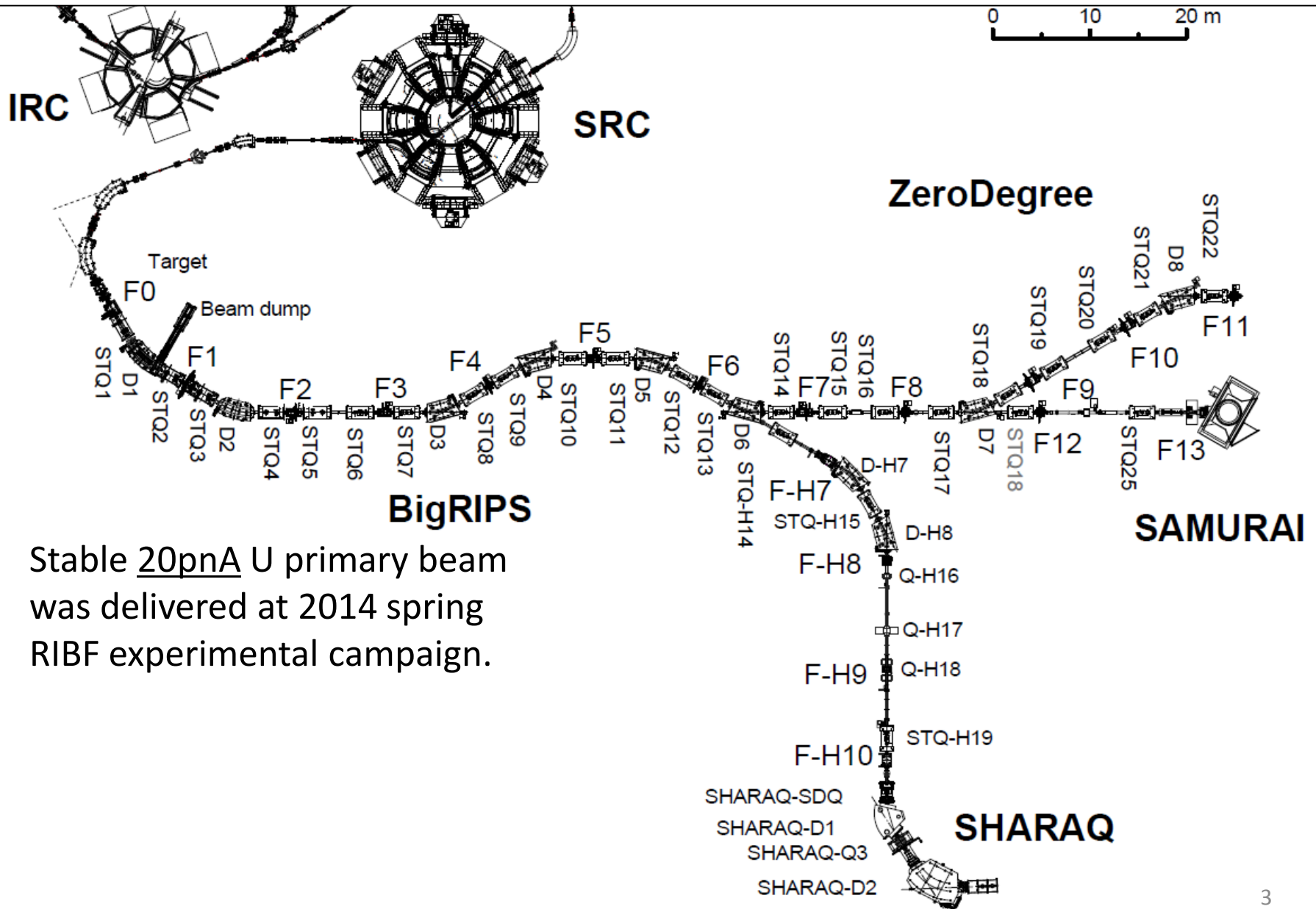
$$E(\rho, T = 0, \delta) = \varepsilon(\rho, \delta = 0) + \underline{S(\rho)}\delta^2$$

- Study of density dependent symmetry energy.
 - Mainly for high dense region.
- Study with asymmetric dense matter realized with heavy “RI” collision.
 - $\rho \sim 2\rho_0$ with HI collisions at RIKEN-RIBF
 - Same-Z, different-N.
 - Control coulomb effect.



IBUU $^{124}\text{Sn}+^{132}\text{Sn}$ $E=300\text{A MeV}$

RIKEN RIBF



- Stable 20pnA U primary beam was delivered at 2014 spring RIBF experimental campaign.

SAMURAI Spectrometer

Superconducting **A**nalyzer for **M**ulti particles from **R**adio **I**sotope Beams

IRC

SRC

F0-F11: 125.983m

ZeroDegree

STO22

D8

STO21

STO20

STO19

STO18

F11

F10

F9

F8

F12

STO25

F13

SAMURAI

Field integral = 7Tm

High-resolution beam line

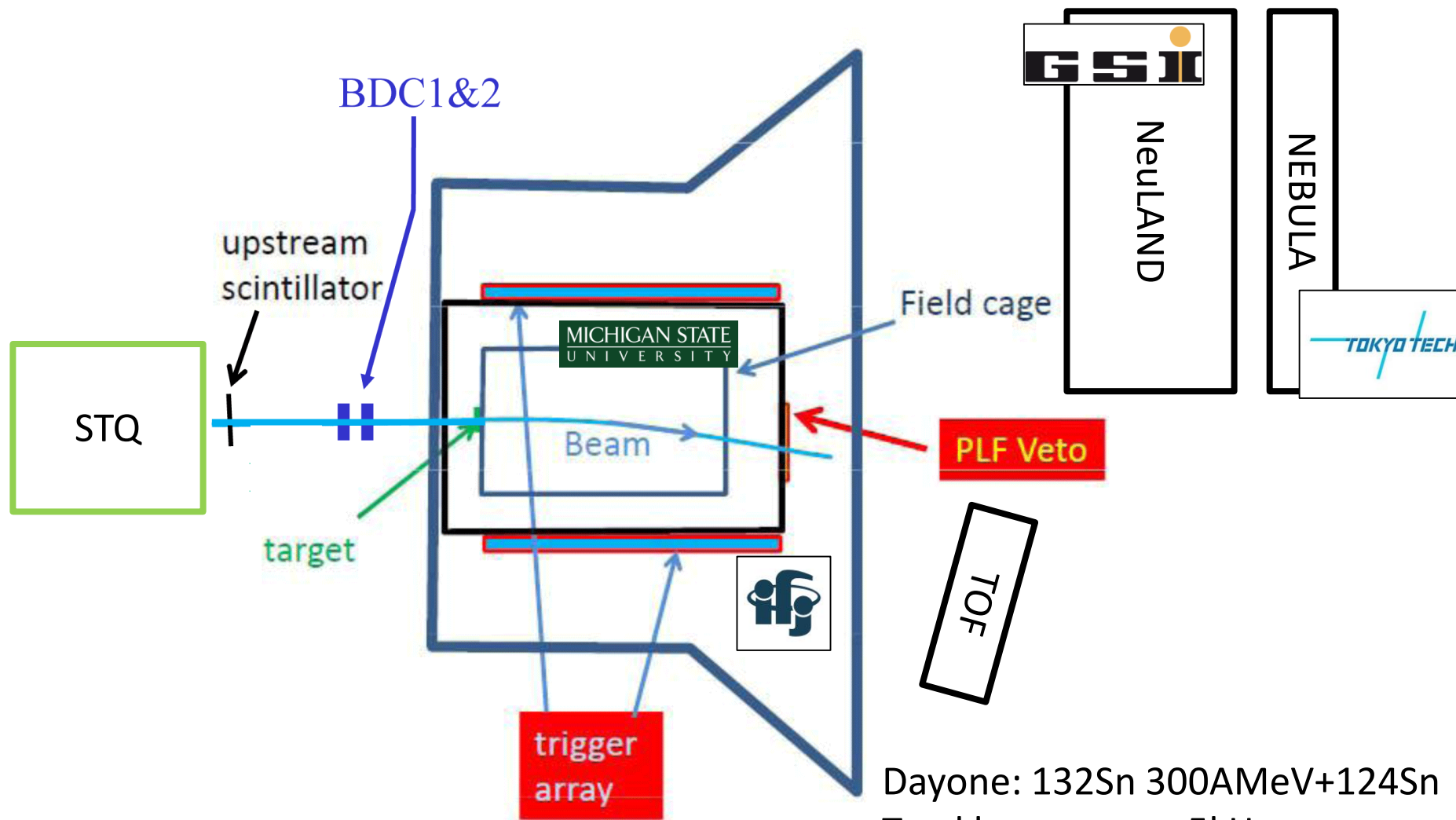
STQ-H19

SHARQA by U. of Tokyo

Max. rigidity = 6.8Tm max.

2011/8/25

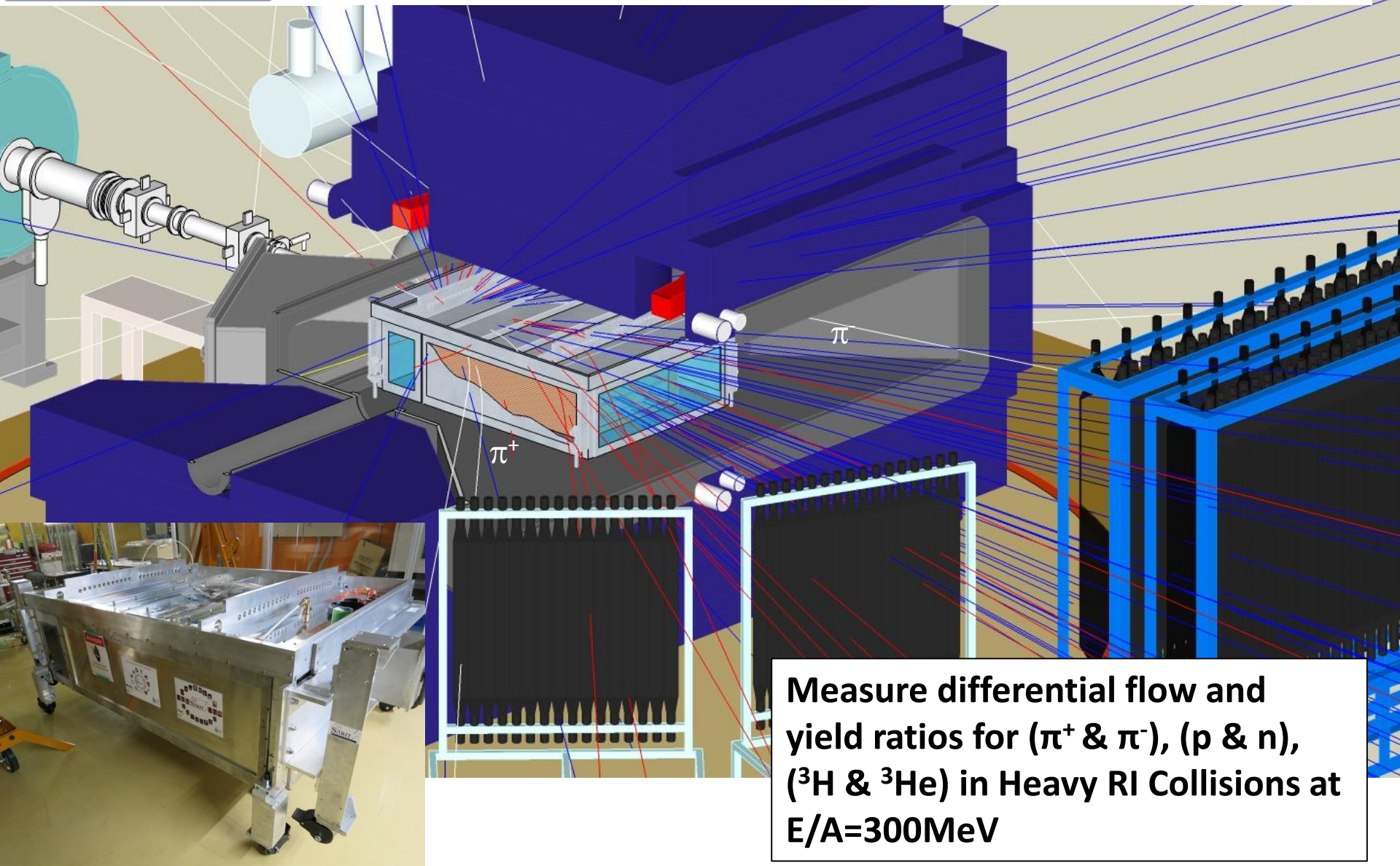
Setup of SPiRIT Dayone experiment



Dayone: ^{132}Sn 300AMeV+ ^{124}Sn
Total beam rate \sim 5kHz
Trigger rate \sim 10Hz



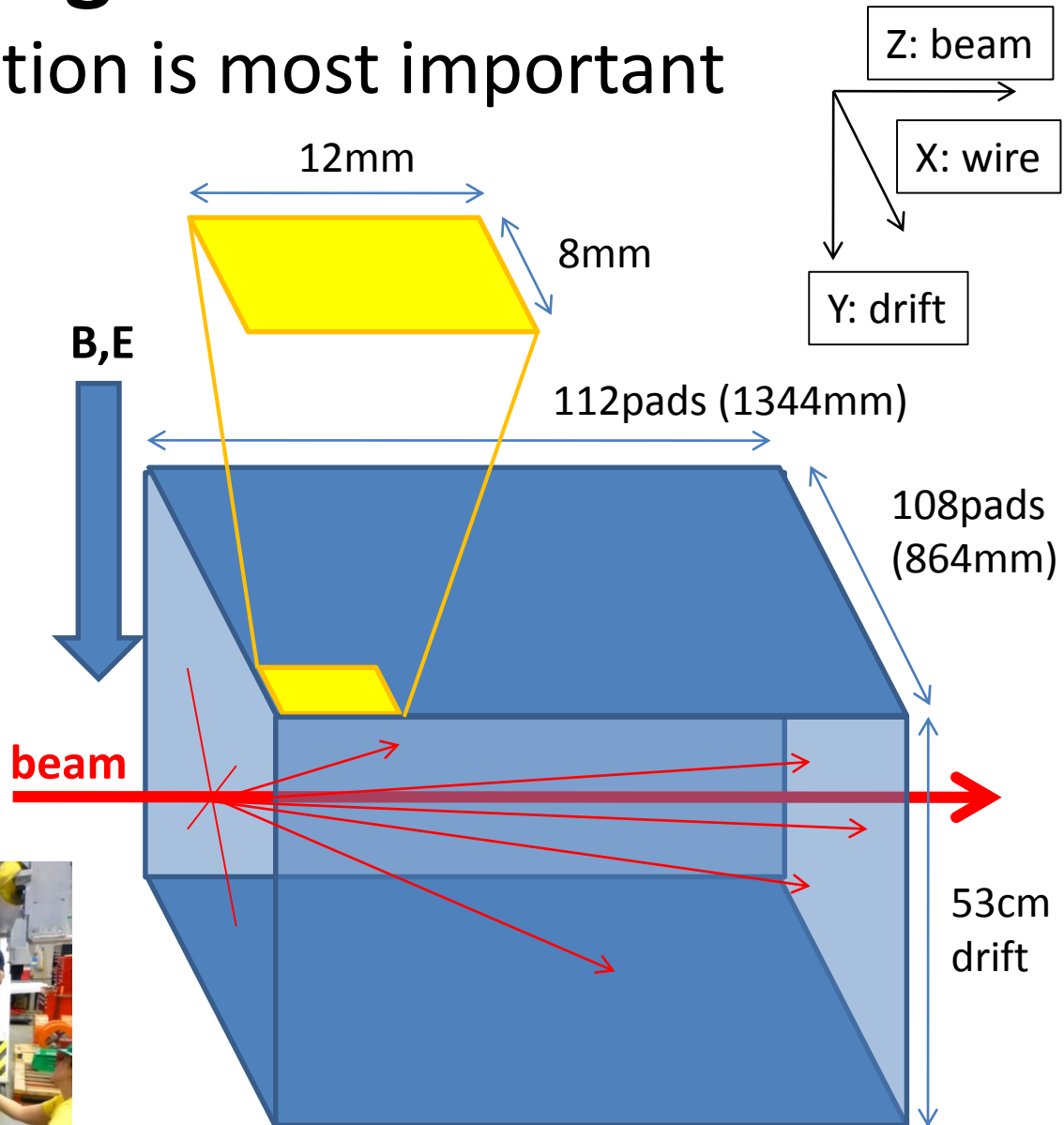
SPIRIT-TPC as tracker for multi particles from HIC



Basic design of chamber

stable operation is most important

- Beam passes through chamber as well.
- Based on Bevalac EOS TPC.
- Wire amplification with P10 gas (1atm).
- Target at the entrance of chamber.
- Readout with ~12000 pads.
- Multiplicity: 10~100
- Operation under $B \sim 0.5T$
- External trigger with scintillator paddles + MPPC



Series of SPiRIT TPC talk

- Integration of GET electronics on TPC for HIC program at RIBF (T. Isobe)
- Current Status of S π RIT Time-Projection Chamber Project (M. Kurata-Nishimura)
- The S π RIT-TPC data acquisition system and analysis framework (Y. Ayyad)
- Design of Gating grid driver for S π RIT Time Projection Chamber (S. Tangwancharoen)
- Photogrammetry measurements of the SpiRIT TPC (J. Barney)
- Garfield Simulation of the SpiRIT TPC Field Cage (J. Estee)

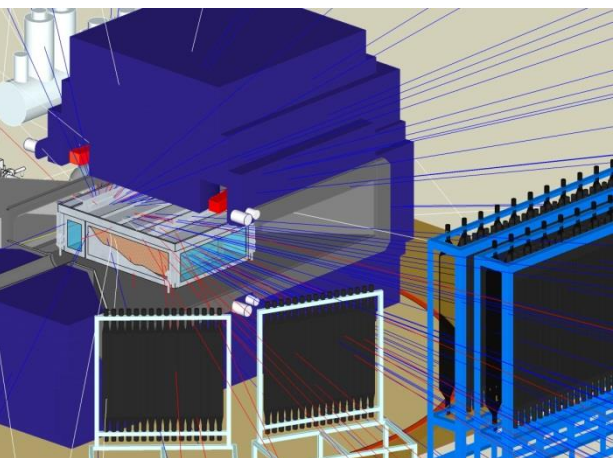
R&D for SPiRIT-TPC readout electronics

- We planned to use STAR-TPC readout system.
 - ADC 10bit, 512SCA type FADC.
 - R&D terminated now.
- Required performance: high DAQ rate ($\sim 1\text{kHz}$) and good ADC resolution ($>10\text{bit}$). $Z=1$ particle measurement in the chamber where $Z>50$ beam passing through.
- → Employment of **GET** system. General Electronics for TPC.
 - R&D by GET (General Electronics for TPC) Collaboration for the next generation of readout electronics. France-USA(-Japan) Collaboration.
 - Not only for SPiRIT-TPC.
 - Make it possible to readout 12bit ADC 512 samples from 12000 pads under 1kHz DAQ rate.

SYSTEM GET

Generic Structure (H&S)

2¹² Final Dyn Rnge
10Gbit B.width
4 Level Digital Trigger

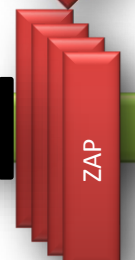


SPiRIT TPC:
48 AsAd boards
12 CoBo boards
2 μ -TCA crates
2 MuTANT boards

V. Front End
Pre-amp
&
Filter
Protection

Concentrator Embedded SystemS:
.T. Stamp
. '0'-suppress
.Formatting
.Reduction
.Calibration
Slow Control

FARM
Trigger4
Event-Building
Data Control
S. Control
Web Service
Security



AsAd
AGET
ADC
FPGA
PULSER

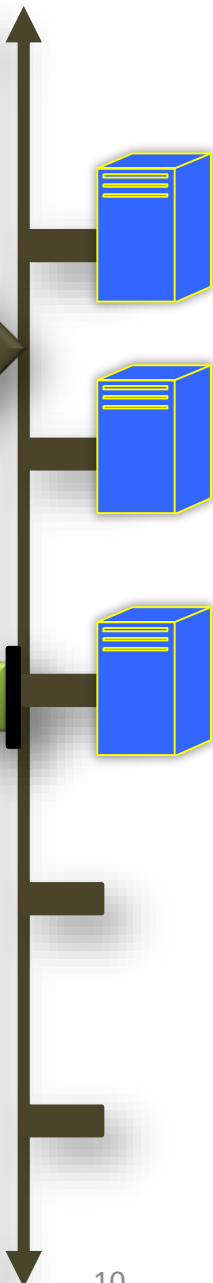
CoBo
FPGA
+
Memo

μ -TCA

Front-End
Coding
V, I, EM & Temp
Control/Satb

Mutant
FPGA

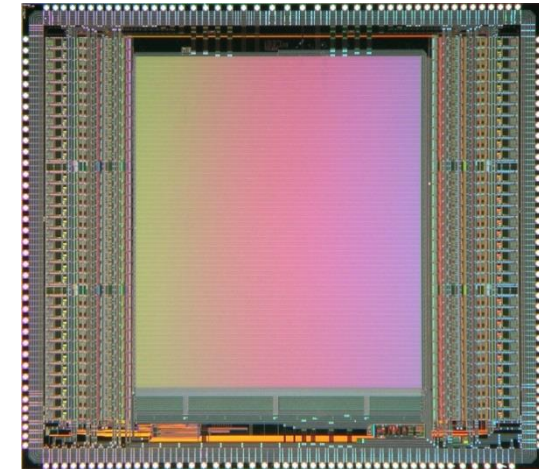
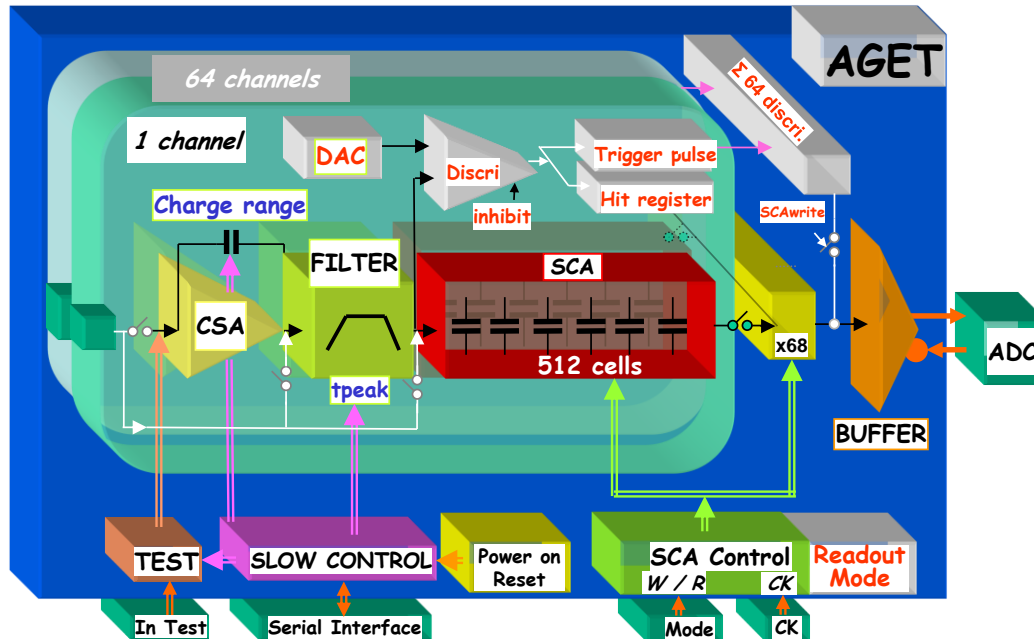
3-Level
.Trigger
.Clock
.Calculated
Selected
Read-out





Architecture

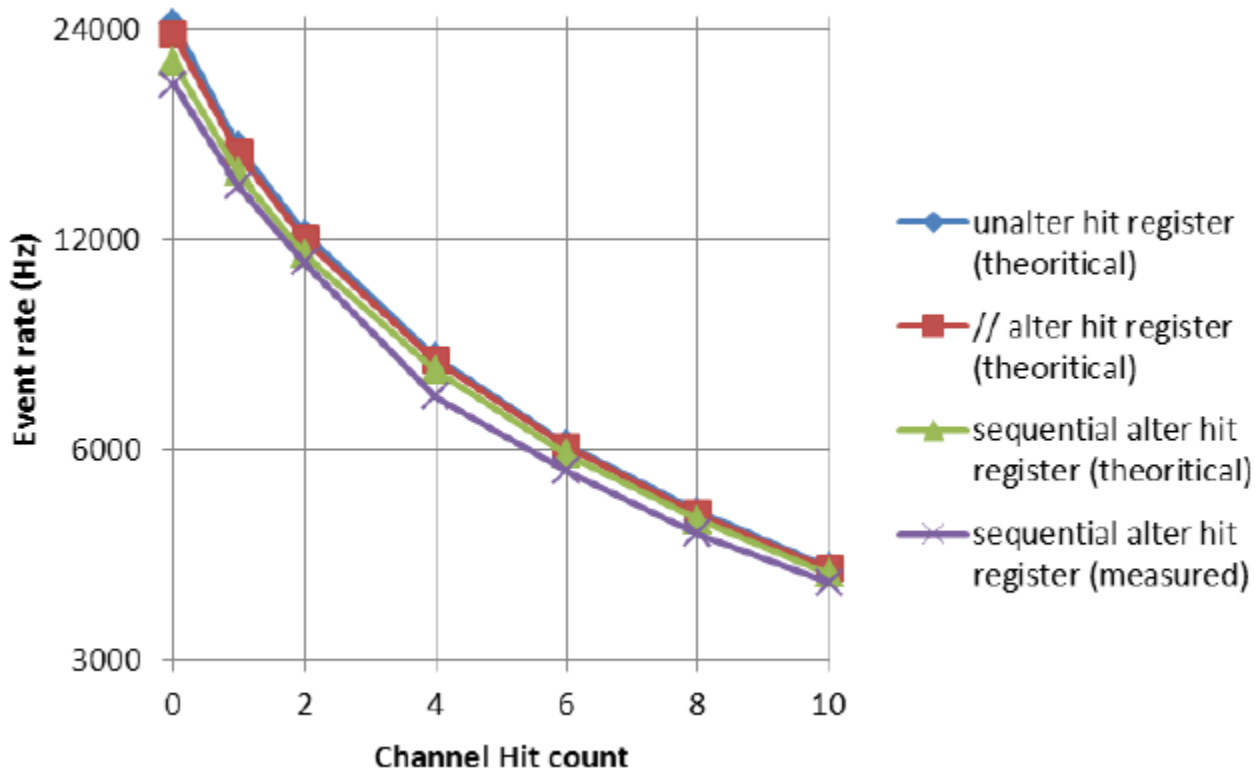
- 64 analog channels : *CSA, Filter, SCA, Discriminator*
- Auto triggering : discriminator + threshold (DAC)
- Multiplicity signal : *analog OR of 64 discriminators*
- Address of the hit channel(s); 3 SCA readout modes : *all, hit or specific channels*



AMS CMOS 0,35 μm

- 4 charge ranges/channel : 120 fC , 240 fC , 1 pC & 10 pC
- 16 peaking time values : 50 ns to $1 \mu\text{s}$
- F_{sampling} : 1 MHz to 100 MHz
- Possibility to bypass the CSA and to enter directly into the filter or SCA inputs
- Input current polarity : *positive or negative*

Selective digitization : improvement of DAQ rate limit



- Digitize only the channel with hit register.
 - Most of the TPC channel have pedestal data.
 - →loss of conversion time
- Rate at 512 time-bins and 8 hit channels: 4500 Hz

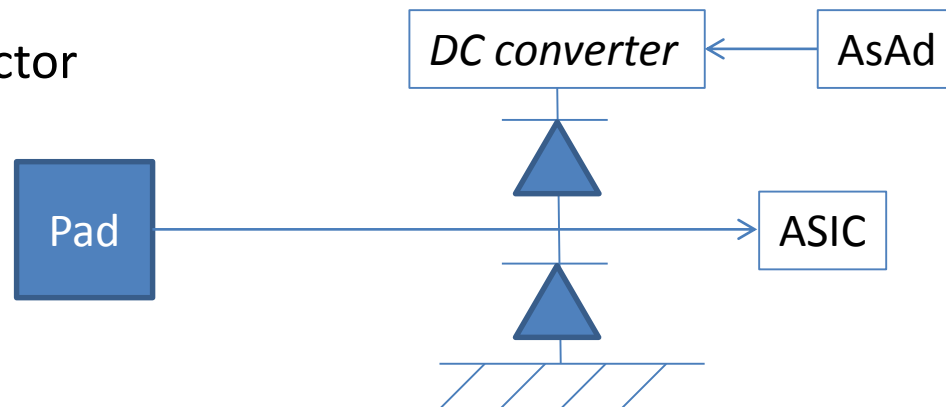
Integration of GET electronics on SPiRIT-TPC

- Interface to TPC
 - A board to connect AsAd board to TPC has to be made by GET user.
- Interface to DAQ
 - Use need to integrate GET daq to local DAQ system so that the data taken by GET can be analyzed with the other detector information.
 - In addition, the software for the analysis of the data and the software for monitoring of TPC have to be made.
 - There are common parts which can be made as general monitoring software.
 - Temperature of the boards. Voltage and current supplied to boards.

Development of interface board: ZAP

- Interface board has been developed to mount GET electronics on TPC.

- For matching of the connector
- Protection of the circuit



- Three issues addressed in terms of the development.

- Space issue

- Should be fit within 17cm. Size of AsAd is same as VME board.

- Noise level

- **Noise contribution is from AsAd, ZAP and TPC capacitor**

- **Specified ADC dynamic range of 10.5 bit equates to rms noise = 2.8 ADC counts**

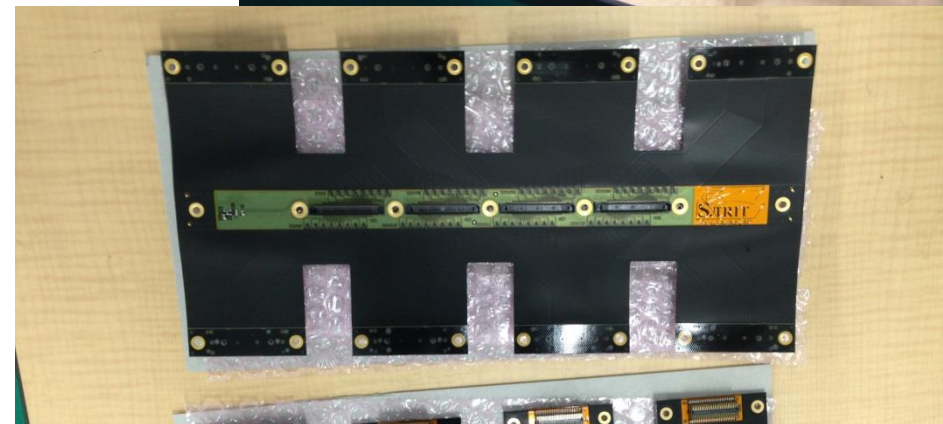
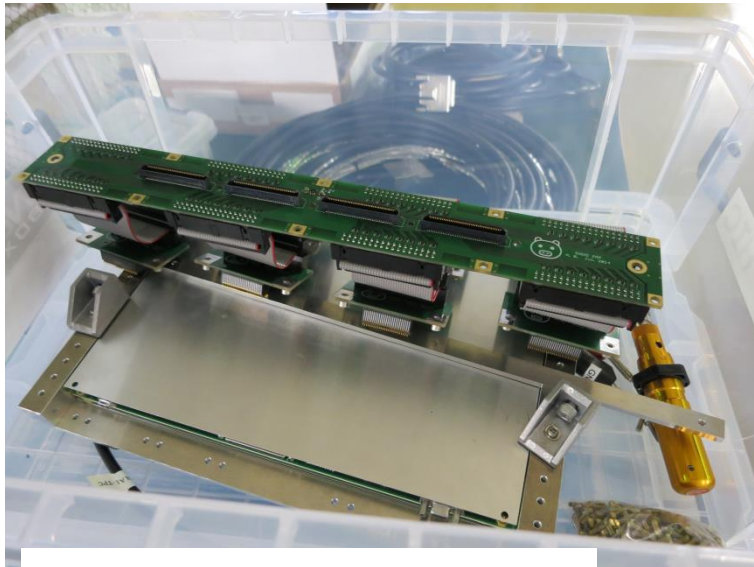
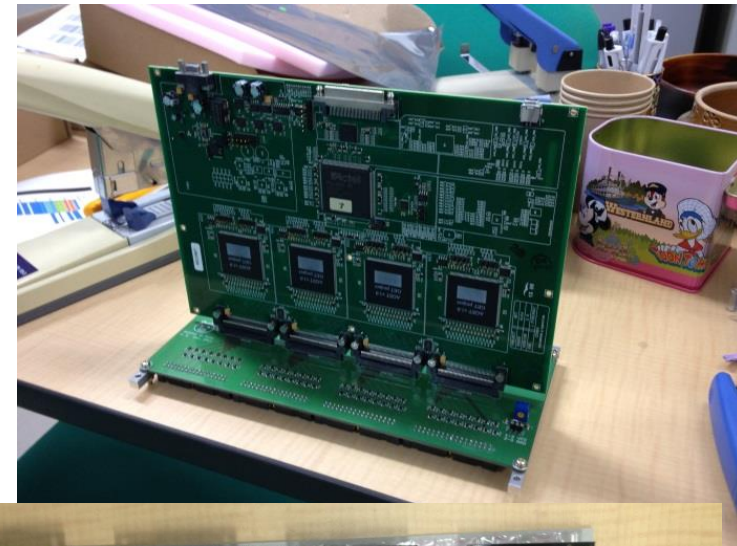
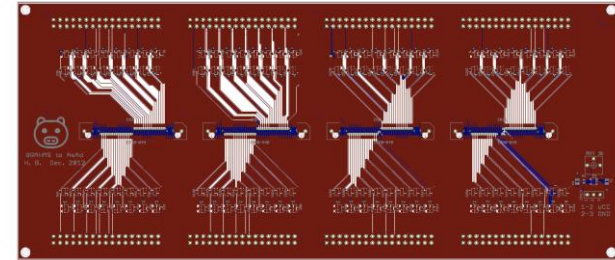
- **Best Scenario: AsAd+ZAP+TPC rms ~ 3.0 ADC**

- Transfer function (i.e. Gain)

- Also contribution is from AsAd, ZAP and TPC capacitor

3 Interface boards were made as prototype

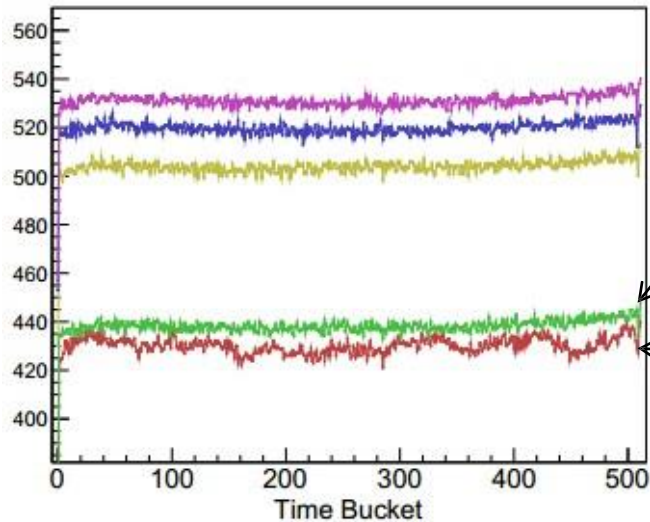
- 1st: for testing with smaller TPC
- 2nd: made with flexible board
 - expensive
- 3rd: rigid board (final)



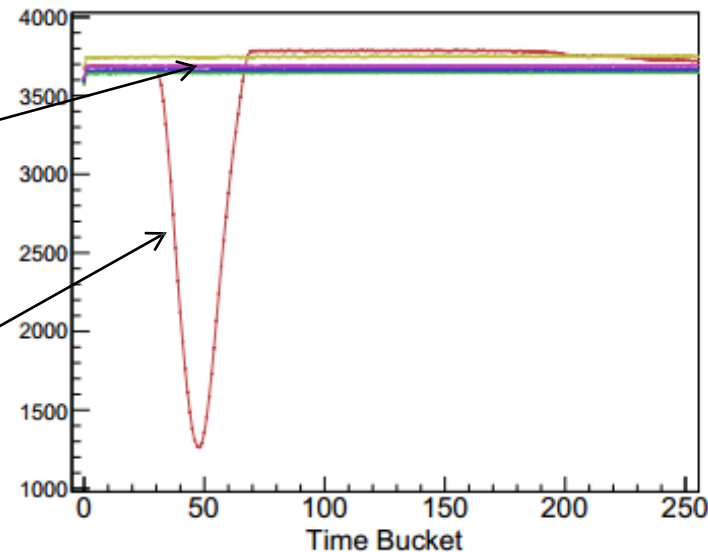
Designed/Made by H. Baba

Noise Analysis: 2nd board

Pedestal: 1 Event 5 Channels

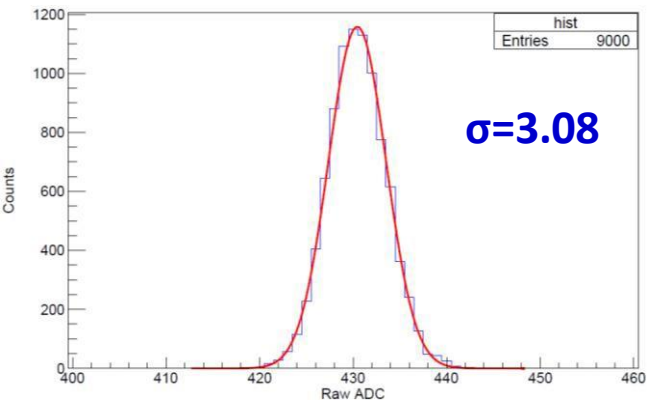


Pulser: 1 Event 5 Channels

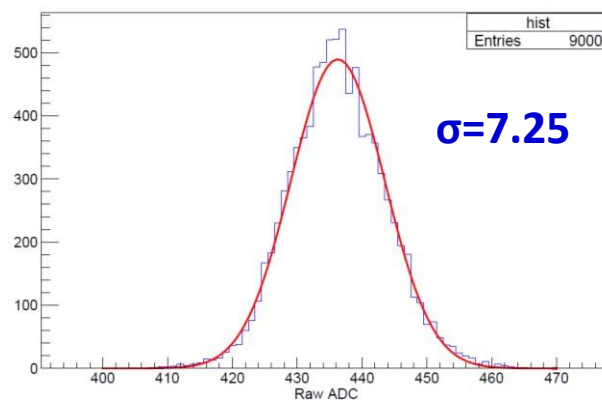


Channel 0

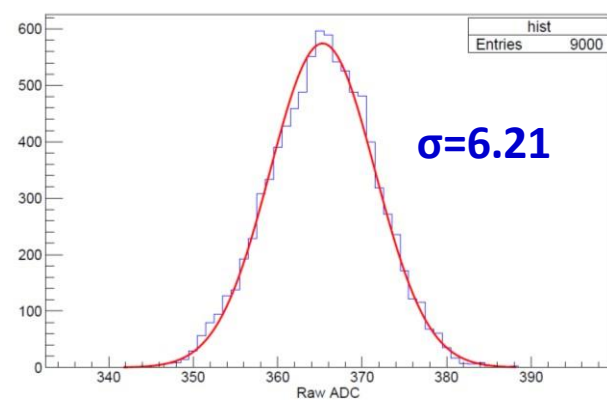
GET



GET+ZAP

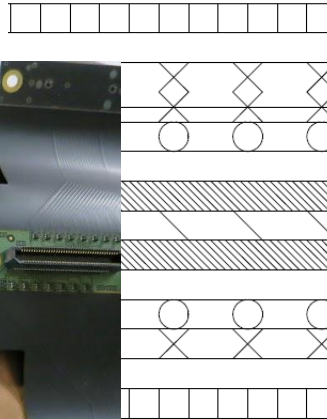
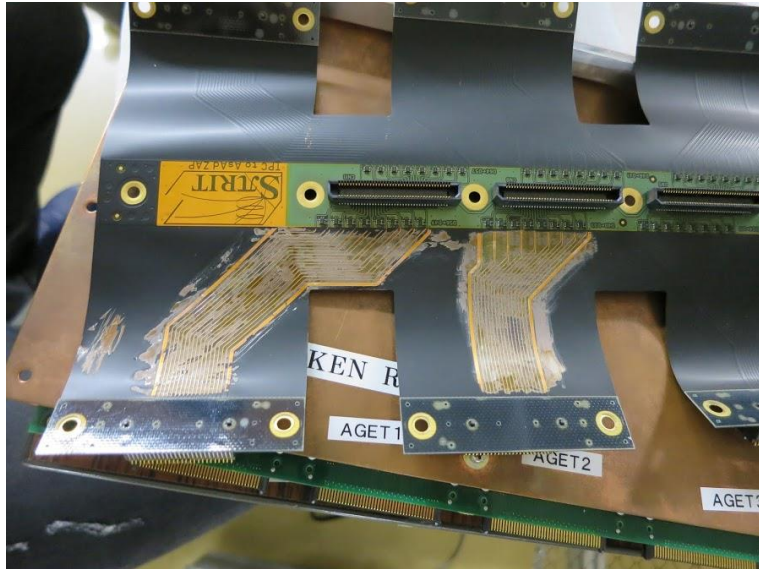


GET+ZAP+TPC



Courtesy of W. Powell

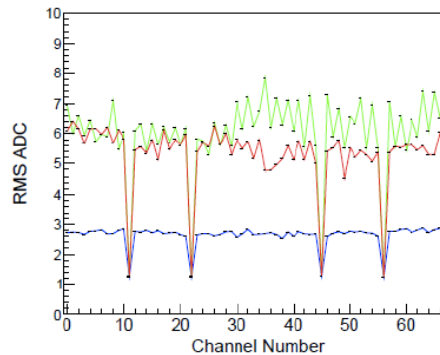
Noise shield made large noise



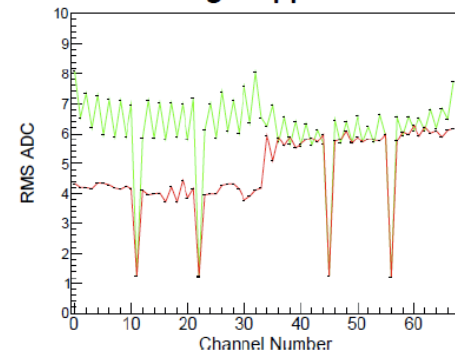
- L1補強板:ガラエポ 500 μ m
- 接着剤:熱硬化性接着剤 40 μ m
- L1銀シールド:22 μ m **Ag shield**
- L1レジスト
- L1カバーレイ:ポリイミド 12.5 μ m **polyimide**
- 接着層:25 μ m **gluing layer**
- L1圧延銅箔:18 μ m+銅めつき:10 μ m **Cu plate+overlay**
- ベース:ポリイミド 50 μ m **polyimide**
- L2圧延銅箔:18 μ m+銅めつき:10 μ m
- 接着層:25 μ m
- L2カバーレイ:ポリイミド 12.5 μ m
- L2銀シールド:22 μ m
- 接着剤:熱硬化性接着剤 40 μ m
- L2補強板:ガラエポ 500 μ m

GET+ZAP+TPC

(1) Full ZAP



(2) 1st 34ch have ZAP shielding stripped off



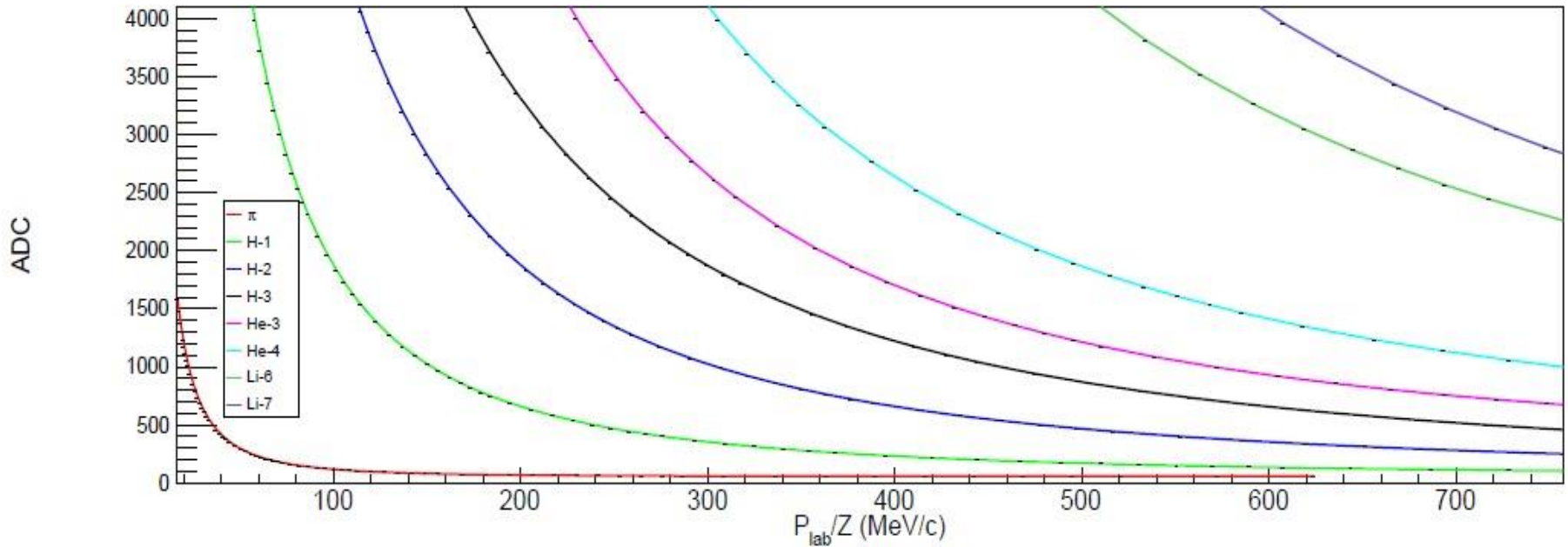
ZAP has Ag shield layer which increases the ZAP capacitance: Remove Ag layer \rightarrow Reduce C_{in} \rightarrow Reduce noise

	GET	GET + ZAP	GET + ZAP + TPC
(1)RMS ADC w/ full ZAP	2.55	6.37	5.31
(2)RMS ADC w/ stripped ZAP	-	5.85	4.02

120fC, 233nsec

Dynamic Range

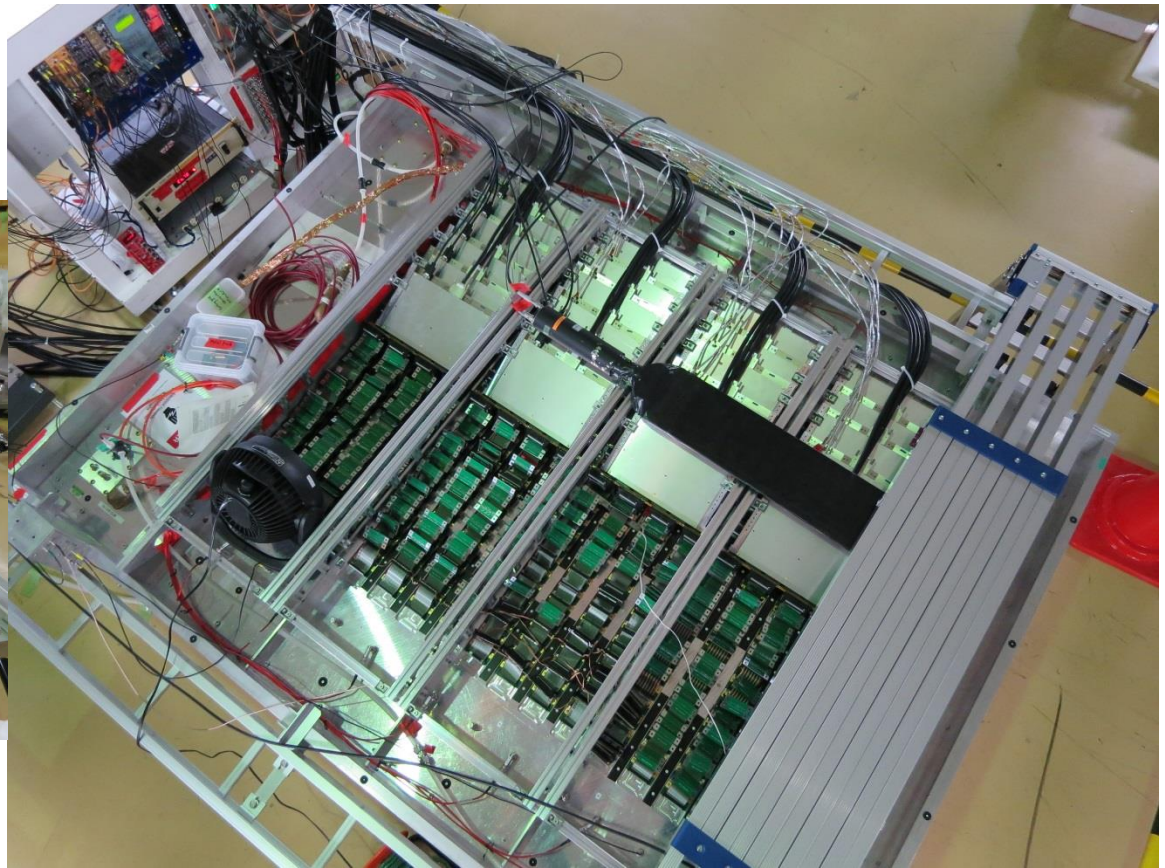
- Assuming RMS = 3.1 ADC counts
- Signal:Noise = 20:1
- Minimum signal is pion with $KE_{cm} = 90$ MeV
- ADC = 4096 is maximum signal



Assembly of electronics (2015, Feb.)

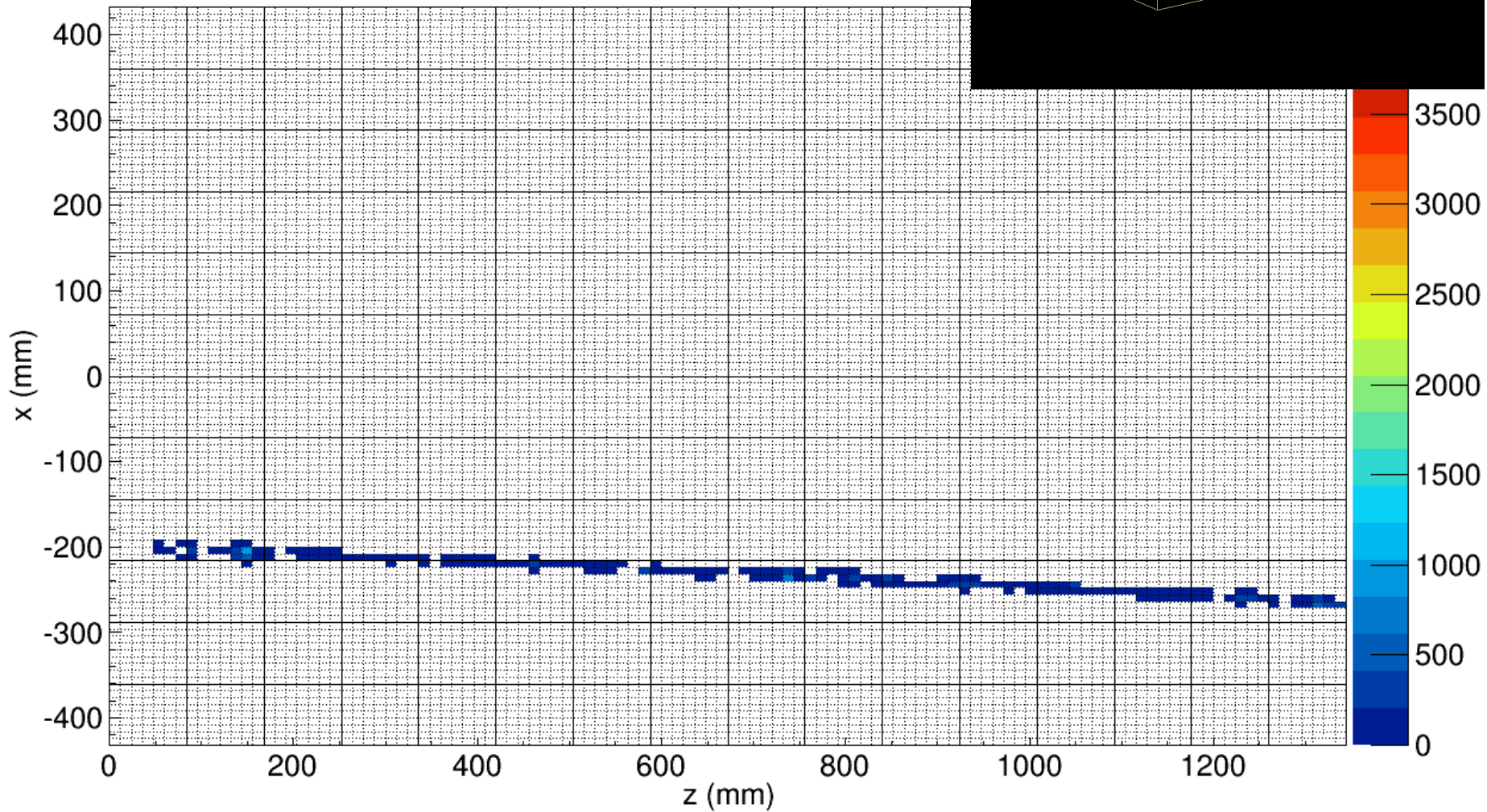
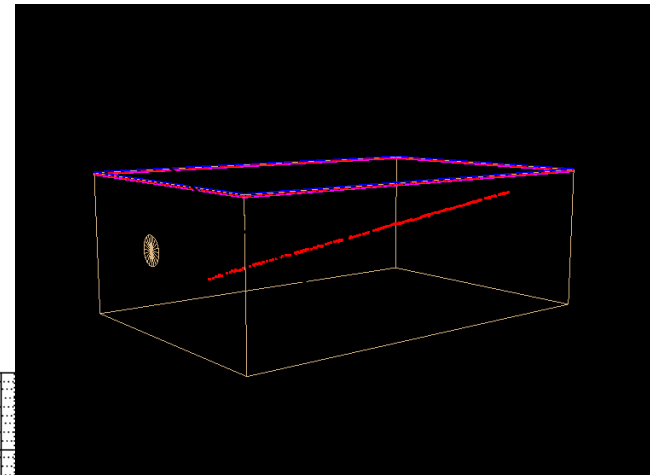
- Electronics for half of TPC pads were mounted.
- Trigger is made with coincidence of anode wire signals.
- Event size: 5.6MByte/eve (i.e. full readout)

AsAd fits in 17cm space!

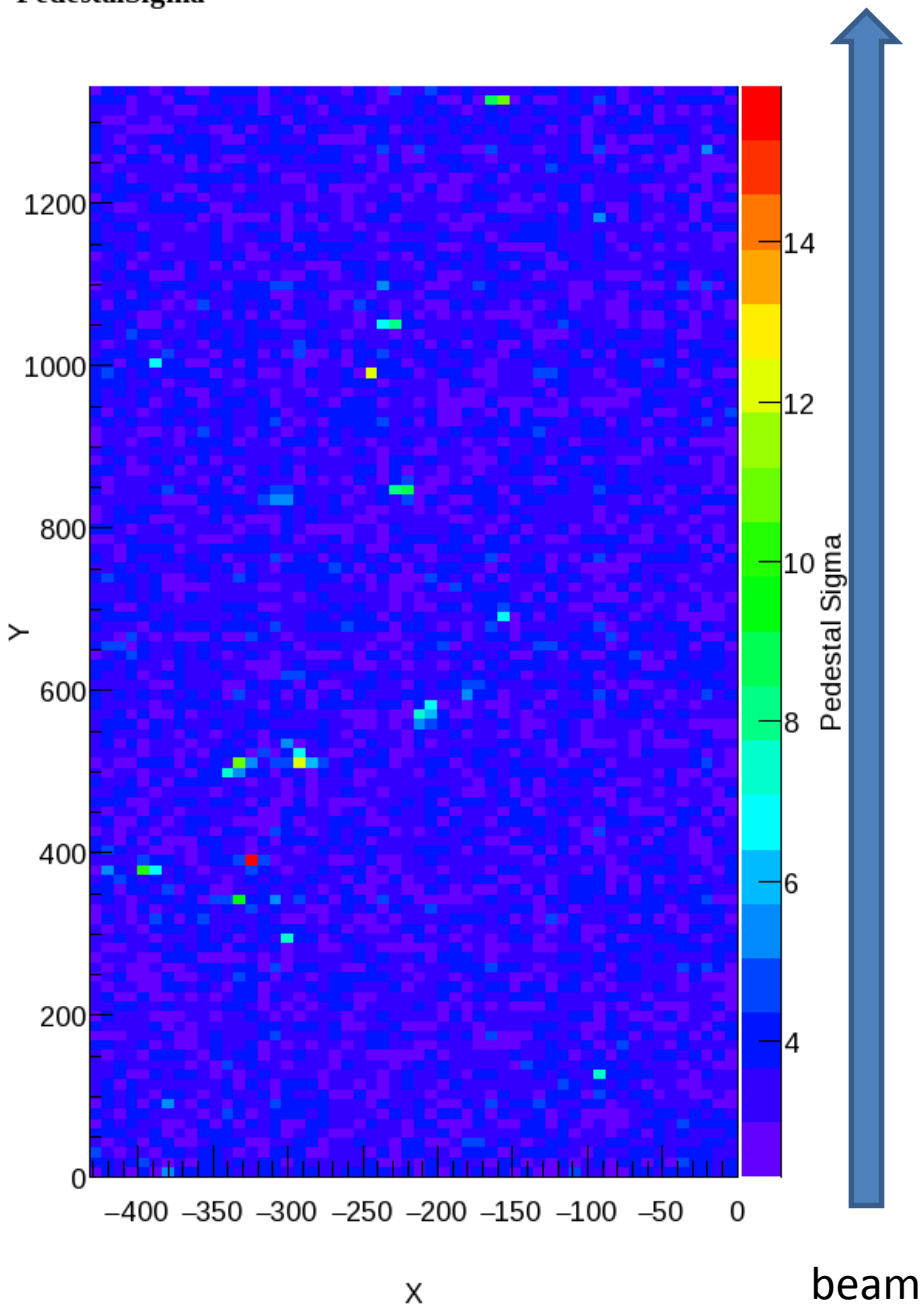


Run157 Event82

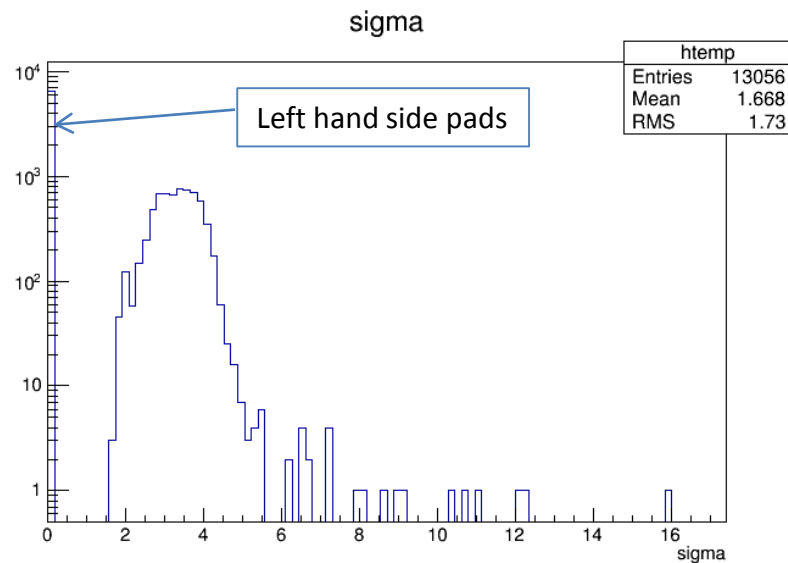
SpiRIT Pad Plane



PedestalSigma

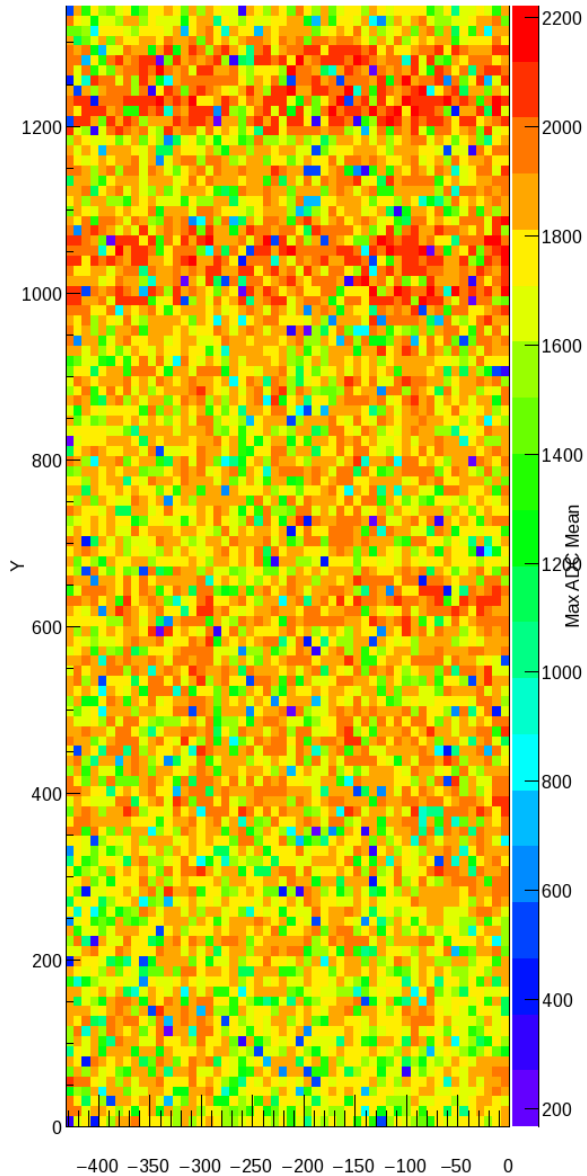


$\sigma(\text{pedestal})$

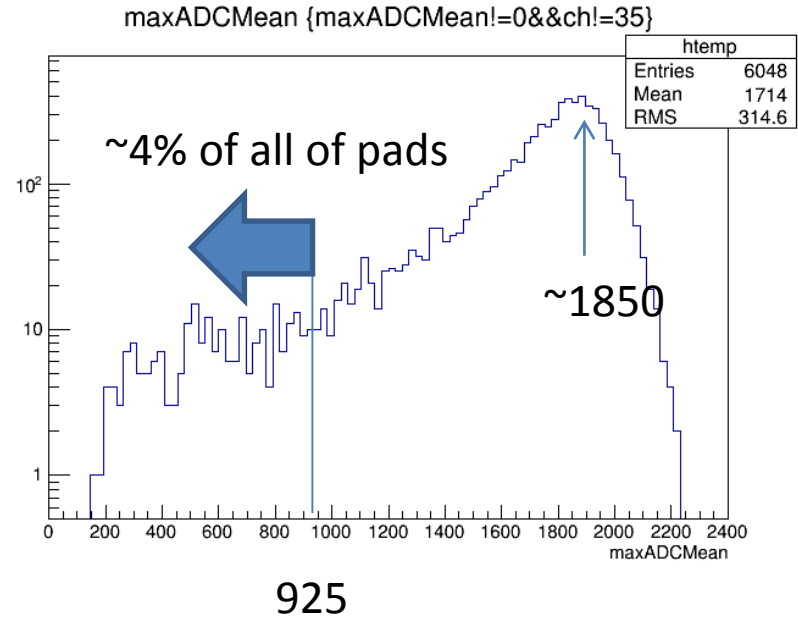


Before FPN subtraction
Very good

MaxADCMean



Peak ADC (Pulser 3.2V)

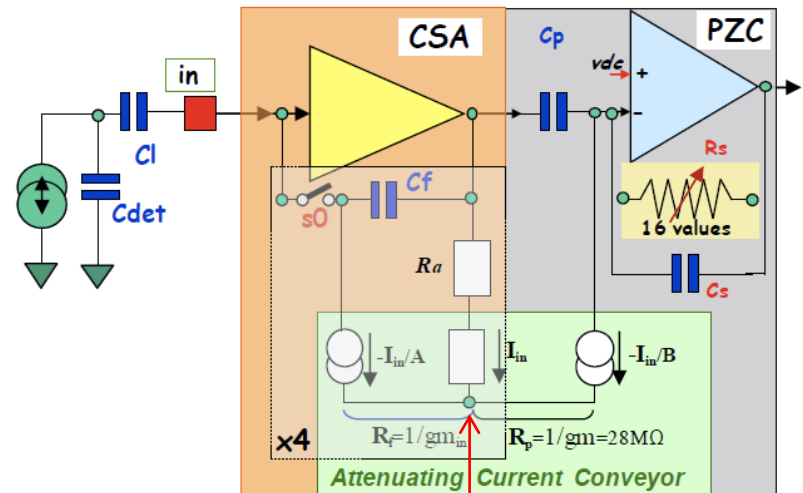
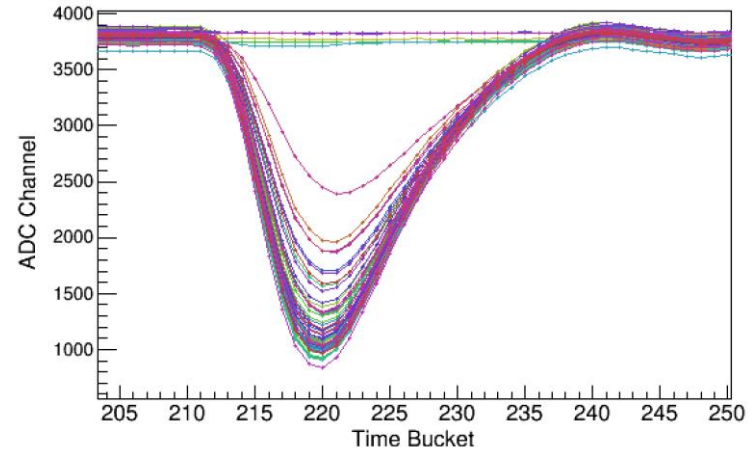


~4% of pads show the gain amplitude of less than half of that of majority

Gain deviation of the electronics

- Large gain deviation causes:
 - Bad dE resolution.
 - Bad position resolution.
 - Make it difficult to set threshold of discriminator.
- Origin of this problem is CSA output DC value.
- This problem can be fixed by replacing some components on the AsAd.
- → ongoing.

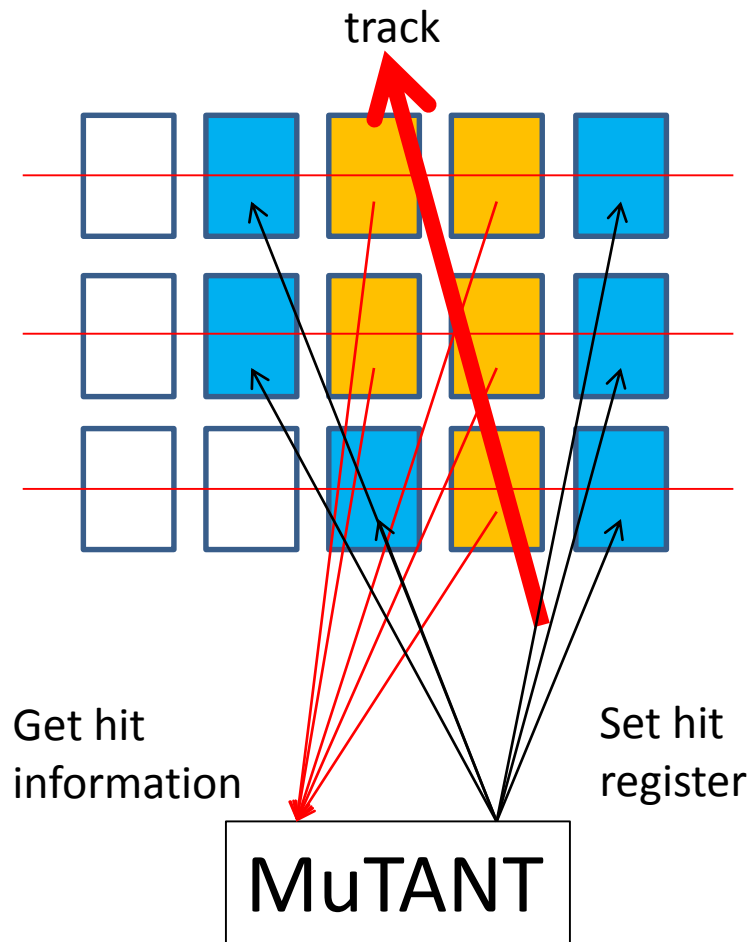
FADC data of 64 channel: 1ASIC



Configured to set the baseline

Upgrade in the future

Artificial registering hit pattern register



- Artificial registering of hit register with MuTANT.
- Easier to set the threshold of discriminator.
 - Data of neighboring pad is needed to get track position.
 - Signal of neighboring pad is smaller.
- Artificial registering should be finished within 2msec.
 - Evaluation of algorithm is necessary.

Summary

- Integration of GET electronics on SPiRIT-TPC is proceeded for the study of symmetry energy term of nuclear EoS.
- We succeeded to take cosmic(/beta-ray) data with half of pads of SPiRIT TPC.
- Massive readout of 12k channels is supposed to be ready sooner after mounting all of upgraded modules.
- First physics run: $^{132}\text{Sn}+^{124}\text{Sn}$, $^{112}\text{Sn}+^{108}\text{Sn}$
- This work is supported in part by the Japan Grant-in-Aide award and the US DOE grant DE-SC0004835 and JUSEIPEN.

SPiRIT Collaboration (2009~)

SAMURAI Pion Reconstruction and Ion-Tracker

RIKEN : T. Isobe, M. Nishimura, H. Baba, H. Otsu, K-I Yoneda, H. Sato, Y. Nakai, S. Nishimura, J. Lee, H. Sakurai, He Wang, N. Fukuda, H. Takeda, D. Kameda, H. Suzuki, N. Inabe, T. Kubo, Y. Shimizu

Kyoto Univ.: T. Murakami, N. Nakatsuka, M. Kaneko

MSU: W. Lynch, M.B. Tsang, S. Tangwancharoen, Z. Chajecki, J. Estee, R. Shane, J. Barney, Z. Chajecki, Y. Ayyad

TAMU: A. Mchintosh, S. Yennello, M. Chapman

Liverpool/ Darsbury: M. Chartier, W. Powell, J. Sampson, R. Lemmon

TITech: T. Nakamura, Y. Kondo, Y. Togano

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